



*Setting the Standard for Automation™*



# Managing your process control firewalls – real world life cycle challenges

Standards  
Certification  
Education & Training  
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- BS Chemical Engineering – Lehigh University
- 32 years experience with system integration of IACS
- 12 years experience coordinating corporate wide cyber security measures for IACS
- 10 years experience overseeing management of IACS firewalls
- Chair and primary author of ISA S99.02.01 (IEC 62443-2-1)



- Raise awareness of the life cycle issues associated with firewalls and the challenges of managing them
- Firewalls add to the already challenging task of managing IACS life cycles.



- Use of a firewall managed service provider
- Firewall management challenges
  - Trust
  - Technical competency
  - Division of responsibility
  - Managing change and security
- Life cycle challenges
  - People turnover
  - Hardware obsolescence
  - Software obsolescence
  - Expiration of certificates
  - Technology advances

- What is a leveraged firewall service provider?
  - In-company or 3<sup>rd</sup> party providing firewall management and support functions
- Why use a leveraged service provider
  - Lack of skilled resource at each firewall location
    - Changes are infrequent: easy to forget how
    - Need a security focus, not just how to accomplish
  - Lower life cycle cost than to provide a skilled resource at each location and a backup for that person
  - Division of responsibility – some checks and balances
  - Potential for bringing external vulnerability information to the table.



# Challenges with a service provider



- Fear of losing control - trusting the provider
- Establishing the level of service needed, not what you want to pay
  - Same to all locations or differentiated
- Building the management of change process that works for all involved
- Co-access to all information
  - Read only for most occasions
  - Full access in the event of an emergency
- Location and ownership of the management infrastructure



- Should I use the same service supplier for all IT and process control firewalls?
  - May need differentiated services following different processes
    - Approval of changes due to scope impact of the change
    - Response time
  - Who is in charge of the contract?
  - What is the emphasis of the contract?
    - Connectivity and ease of user access
    - Security and control
    - May change over time based upon issues experienced



**It you are going to operate  
firewalls as a leveraged service,  
then gain the authority to run it as  
a leveraged service.**



**(Most efficient and lowest life cycle cost)**

- Change occurs faster than wanted in the Operations IACS space
  - Service providers change ownership; mergers, acquisitions, divestitures
  - Firewalls are IT commodity devices
    - Hardware wears out
    - Software life cycles
    - Manufacturers and product lines are bought up and sold off
    - Infrastructure management tools have life cycles
  - Security technologies evolve to meet changing threats
  - IT technologies have major leaps
    - Virtualization
    - Cloud



# Service providers change ownership



- Occurs more frequently than IACS ownership changes
  - Potential to impact personnel top to bottom
  - Experience has been more change at the top than bottom
  - Process control firewall management resources less of a commodity



- Value in maintaining internal company oversight continuity
  - IT and Purchasing turnover higher than Operations
  - Maintain a strong Operations influence

# Trade-off: Personnel changes

- Change in personnel at the service provider impacts all sites



Versus

- Change in personnel at one site just impacts that site
- Responsibility for continuity of service and backfill of skilled resources is the responsibility of the service provider
  - Elapsed time to address personnel changes is likely to be less



- Over period of 13 years of use, have experienced
  - Firewalls physically wear out (3 generations)
  - Firewall software sunset (1 instance)
  - Firewall companies bought up and product lines discontinued (3 times)
  - Firewall management infrastructure changes (2 instances due to physical device wear out, 2 instances due to product line life cycles)

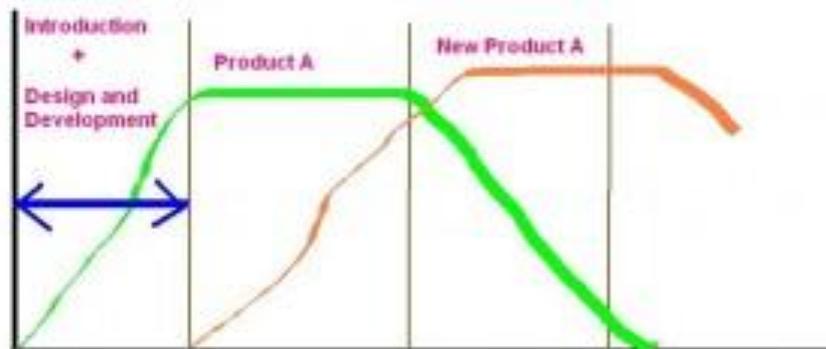


- Over the same period of time
  - No changes to the IACS level 2 devices
  - 1 or 2 life cycles of the IACS level 3 devices

# Challenge with a leveraged environment



- Typical firewall life cycle 3-5 yrs
- With a large managed environment it may take 2-3 yrs to work through a full refresh cycle
- Management infrastructure likely needs to change with firewall refresh
  - Running 2 sets of tools almost as long as the sweet spot of running a single tool. (Periods of duplicate costs)
  - For several years running concurrent projects to refresh site firewalls, to operate overlapping management tools, and to move users to different tools both at the service provider and the sites



# Firewall software upgrades



- Release hot fixes/patches several times a year.
- Major releases once a year for new features
- Respond to industry change – SHA-1 to SHA-2 certificates
- May require reboot of the firewall and some downtime



- Recommendation – Establish a plan to deal with upgrades just like other PM work during shutdowns.

- Appropriate annual PM work
  - Install software updates and new releases
  - Switch to the “backup firewall”
  - Any firewall configuration change that requires a reboot
  - Replace firewall if a hardware refresh is scheduled
- Ideal time is during a site shutdown
  - But everyone is already very busy
  - Not all IACS devices may be operational, so a full post-change checkout may not be possible.
  - Get the new firewall in place with minimum downtime and no interruption of user access
- And the winning priority is . . . . . ?



- Industry is sun-setting SHA-1 security certificates
- Older firewalls may not be able to handle SHA-2 certificates without software updates
- For a large environment with out-of-date firewall software this is a significant amount of work



- Firewall rules can quickly fall into disrepair
  - Add new rules don't remove old ones.
  - Temporary trials
  - IACS devices eliminated or replaced
  - Mistakes/typos
    - 14.244.117.0/14 instead of 14.244.117.0/24  
(Allows access to 262,142 devices instead of 254 devices)
  - Hidden Rules
  - Hosting provider changes
  - Replacement of network tools
  - Divestitures
  - Access accounts not removed when personnel changes occur



- Adopt the use of a change management tool(s)
- Strongly recommend use of a firewall audit tool
  - Eliminate unneeded rules
    - Report rules that have not been used in xx days
    - Report devices that have not been used
    - Reports devices assigned to groups
    - Report when users last passed through the firewall
    - Report access privileges
  - Identify something wrong
    - Report sources and destinations of rejected packets
- Need IACS process knowledge and network knowledge



- Don't let your firewalls become expensive routers.
- Life cycle management activities are necessary
  - Some tasks require specialized skills
  - Some tasks require process and IACS knowledge
  - System outages will be required
  - “No news isn't necessarily good news” (from a security perspective)
- Firewalls add to the already challenging task of managing IACS life cycles.

